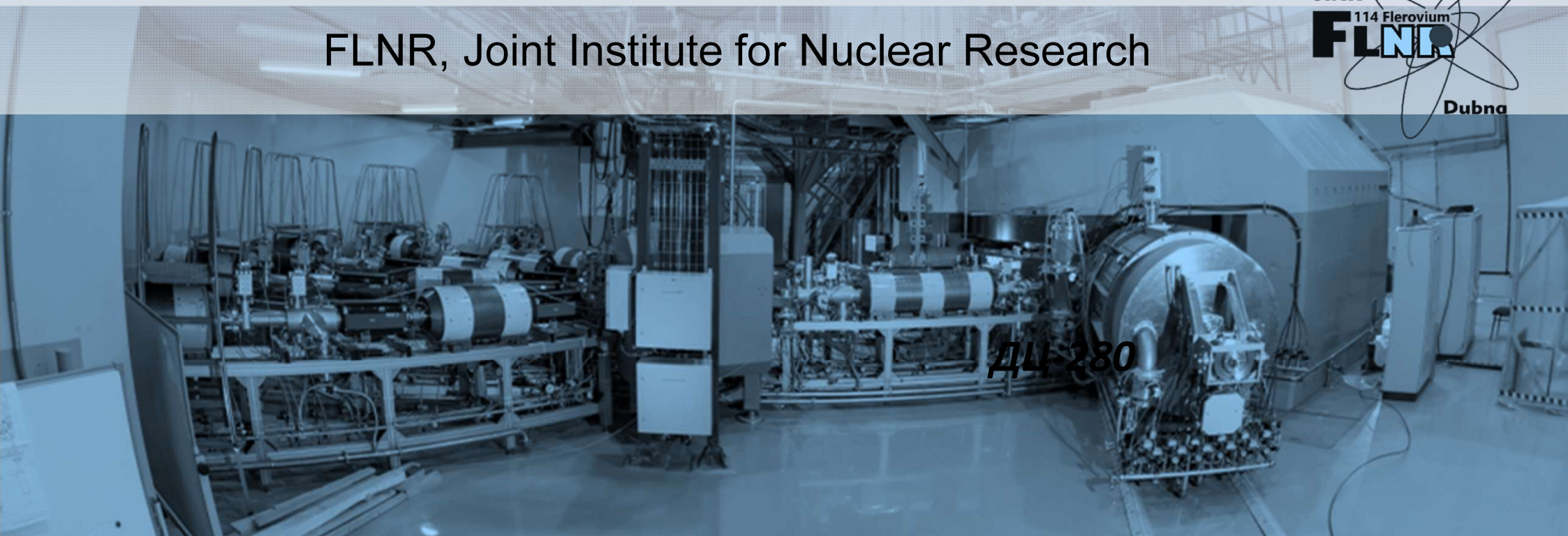


# Heavy and Superheavy elements research at the Flerov Laboratory of Nuclear Reactions

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FLNR, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research



## **Main directions of research**

- Synthesis of new superheavy elements
- Synthesis of superheavy nuclei and study of their decay properties
- Spectroscopy of the radioactive decay of heavy and superheavy nuclei
- Measurement of the masses of superheavy nuclei
- Study of the chemical properties of SHE
- Dynamics of heavy-ion nuclear reactions

# **Superheavy elements: synthesis and properties**



# FLNR ACCELERATOR COMPLEX



Radiochemical  
laboratory of class 1  
(planned)

DC-280  
SHE Factory

U-400R  
Nuclear reactions

U-400M  
RIBs research

Assembly  
workshop

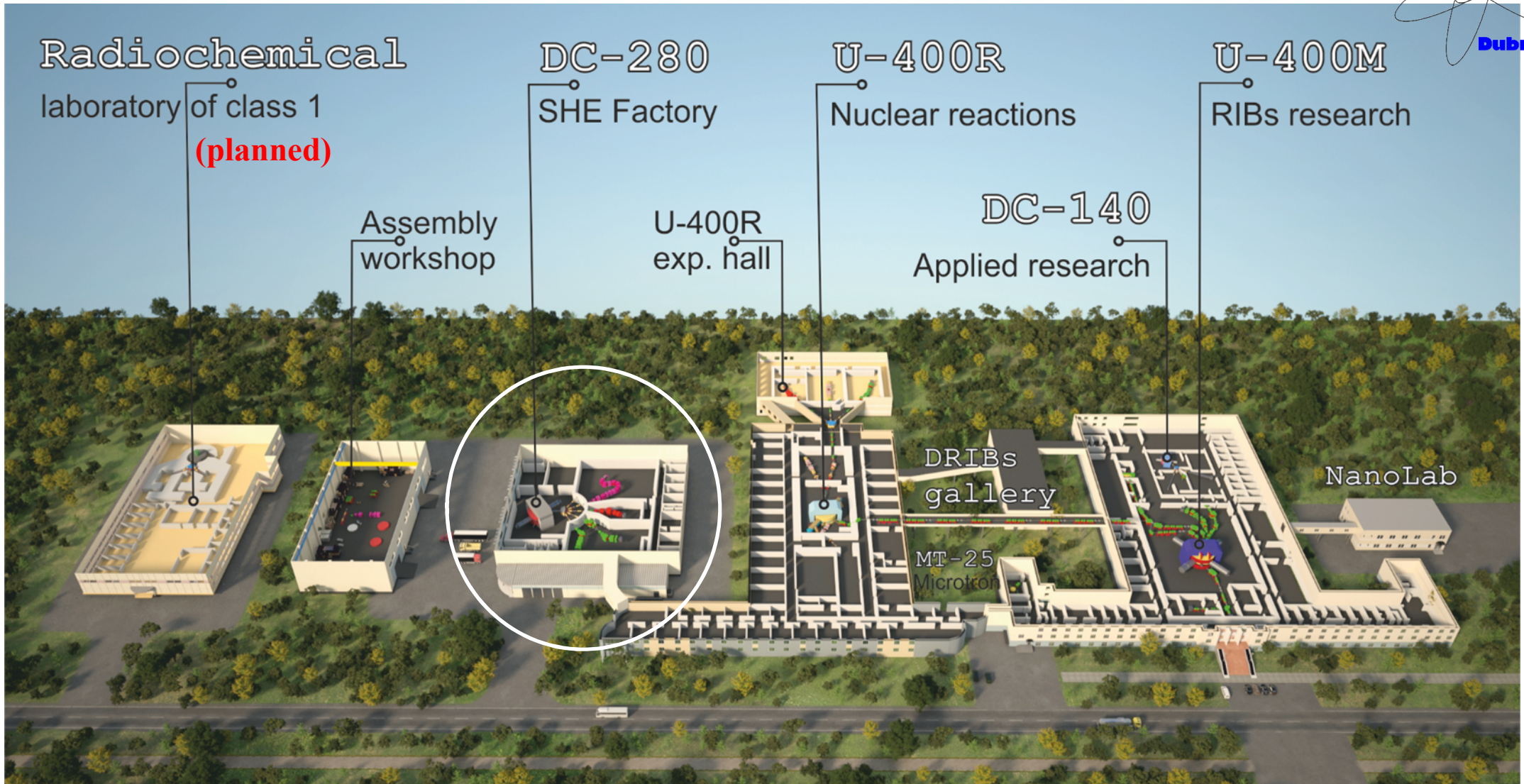
U-400R  
exp. hall

DC-140  
Applied research

DRIBs  
gallery

MT-25  
Microtron

NanoLab





# Periodic Table today (since November, 28, 2016)

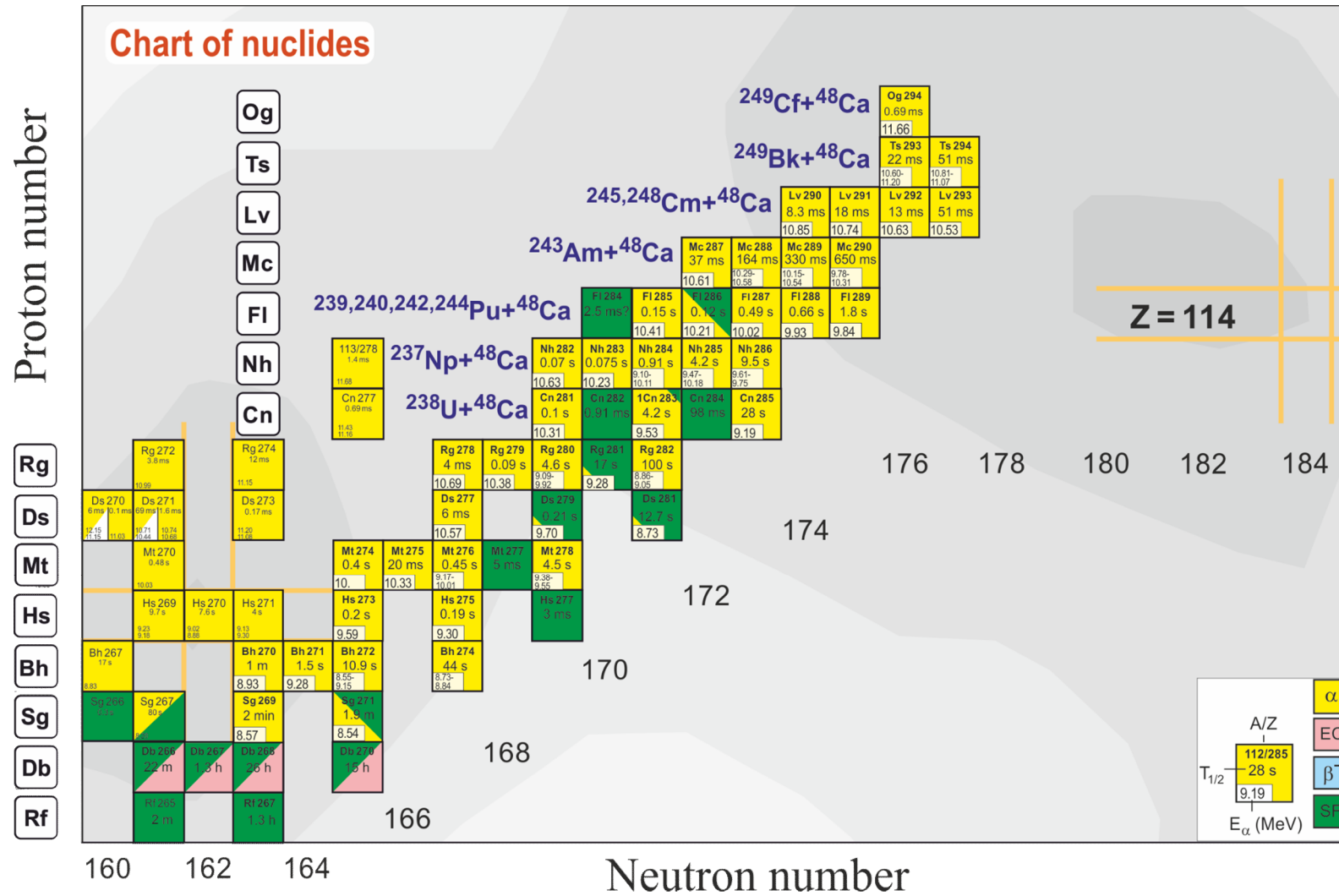
1 <b>H</b> hydrogen 1.0080 ± 0.0002																	18 <b>He</b> helium 4.0026 ± 0.0001
3 <b>Li</b> lithium 6.94 ± 0.06	4 <b>Be</b> beryllium 9.0122 ± 0.0001											5 <b>B</b> boron 10.81 ± 0.02	6 <b>C</b> carbon 12.011 ± 0.002	7 <b>N</b> nitrogen 14.007 ± 0.001	8 <b>O</b> oxygen 15.999 ± 0.001	9 <b>F</b> fluorine 18.998 ± 0.001	10 <b>Ne</b> neon 20.180 ± 0.001
11 <b>Na</b> sodium 22.990 ± 0.001	12 <b>Mg</b> magnesium 24.305 ± 0.002											13 <b>Al</b> aluminium 26.982 ± 0.001	14 <b>Si</b> silicon 28.085 ± 0.001	15 <b>P</b> phosphorus 30.974 ± 0.001	16 <b>S</b> sulfur 32.06 ± 0.02	17 <b>Cl</b> chlorine 35.45 ± 0.01	18 <b>Ar</b> argon 39.95 ± 0.16
19 <b>K</b> potassium 39.098 ± 0.001	20 <b>Ca</b> calcium 40.078 ± 0.004	21 <b>Sc</b> scandium 44.956 ± 0.001	22 <b>Ti</b> titanium 47.867 ± 0.001	23 <b>V</b> vanadium 50.942 ± 0.001	24 <b>Cr</b> chromium 51.996 ± 0.001	25 <b>Mn</b> manganese 54.938 ± 0.001	26 <b>Fe</b> iron 55.845 ± 0.002	27 <b>Co</b> cobalt 58.933 ± 0.001	28 <b>Ni</b> nickel 58.693 ± 0.001	29 <b>Cu</b> copper 63.546 ± 0.003	30 <b>Zn</b> zinc 65.38 ± 0.02	31 <b>Ga</b> gallium 69.723 ± 0.001	32 <b>Ge</b> germanium 72.630 ± 0.008	33 <b>As</b> arsenic 74.922 ± 0.001	34 <b>Se</b> selenium 78.971 ± 0.008	35 <b>Br</b> bromine 79.904 ± 0.003	36 <b>Kr</b> krypton 83.798 ± 0.002
37 <b>Rb</b> rubidium 85.468 ± 0.001	38 <b>Sr</b> strontium 87.62 ± 0.01	39 <b>Y</b> yttrium 88.906 ± 0.001	40 <b>Zr</b> zirconium 91.224 ± 0.002	41 <b>Nb</b> niobium 92.906 ± 0.001	42 <b>Mo</b> molybdenum 95.95 ± 0.01	43 <b>Tc</b> technetium [97]	44 <b>Ru</b> ruthenium 101.07 ± 0.02	45 <b>Rh</b> rhodium 102.91 ± 0.01	46 <b>Pd</b> palladium 106.42 ± 0.01	47 <b>Ag</b> silver 107.87 ± 0.01	48 <b>Cd</b> cadmium 112.41 ± 0.01	49 <b>In</b> indium 114.82 ± 0.01	50 <b>Sn</b> tin 118.71 ± 0.01	51 <b>Sb</b> antimony 121.76 ± 0.01	52 <b>Te</b> tellurium 127.60 ± 0.03	53 <b>I</b> iodine 126.90 ± 0.01	54 <b>Xe</b> xenon 131.29 ± 0.01
55 <b>Cs</b> caesium 132.91 ± 0.01	56 <b>Ba</b> barium 137.33 ± 0.01	57-71 lanthanoids	72 <b>Hf</b> hafnium 178.49 ± 0.01	73 <b>Ta</b> tantalum 180.95 ± 0.01	74 <b>W</b> tungsten 183.84 ± 0.01	75 <b>Re</b> rhenium 186.21 ± 0.01	76 <b>Os</b> osmium 190.23 ± 0.03	77 <b>Ir</b> iridium 192.22 ± 0.01	78 <b>Pt</b> platinum 195.08 ± 0.02	79 <b>Au</b> gold 196.97 ± 0.01	80 <b>Hg</b> mercury 200.59 ± 0.01	81 <b>Tl</b> thallium 204.38 ± 0.01	82 <b>Pb</b> lead 207.2 ± 1.1	83 <b>Bi</b> bismuth 208.98 ± 0.01	84 <b>Po</b> polonium [209]	85 <b>At</b> astatine [210]	86 <b>Rn</b> radon [222]
87 <b>Fr</b> francium [223]	88 <b>Ra</b> radium [226]	89-103 actinoids	104 <b>Rf</b> rutherfordium [261]	105 <b>Db</b> dubnium [268]	106 <b>Sg</b> seaborgium [269]	107 <b>Bh</b> bohrium [270]	108 <b>Hs</b> hassium [269]	109 <b>Mt</b> meitnerium [277]	110 <b>Ds</b> darmstadtium [281]	111 <b>Rg</b> roentgenium [282]	112 <b>Cn</b> copernicium [285]	113 <b>Nh</b> nihonium [286]	114 <b>Fl</b> flerovium [290]	115 <b>Mc</b> moscovium [290]	116 <b>Lv</b> livermorium [293]	117 <b>Ts</b> tennessine [294]	118 <b>Og</b> oganesson [294]



INTERNATIONAL UNION OF  
PURE AND APPLIED CHEMISTRY

57 <b>La</b> lanthanum 138.91 ± 0.01	58 <b>Ce</b> cerium 140.12 ± 0.01	59 <b>Pr</b> praseodymium 140.91 ± 0.01	60 <b>Nd</b> neodymium 144.24 ± 0.01	61 <b>Pm</b> promethium [145]	62 <b>Sm</b> samarium 150.36 ± 0.02	63 <b>Eu</b> europium 151.96 ± 0.01	64 <b>Gd</b> gadolinium 157.25 ± 0.03	65 <b>Tb</b> terbium 158.93 ± 0.01	66 <b>Dy</b> dysprosium 162.50 ± 0.01	67 <b>Ho</b> holmium 164.93 ± 0.01	68 <b>Er</b> erbium 167.26 ± 0.01	69 <b>Tm</b> thulium 168.93 ± 0.01	70 <b>Yb</b> ytterbium 173.05 ± 0.02	71 <b>Lu</b> lutetium 174.97 ± 0.01
89 <b>Ac</b> actinium [227]	90 <b>Th</b> thorium 232.04 ± 0.01	91 <b>Pa</b> protactinium 231.04 ± 0.01	92 <b>U</b> uranium 238.03 ± 0.01	93 <b>Np</b> neptunium [237]	94 <b>Pu</b> plutonium [244]	95 <b>Am</b> americium [243]	96 <b>Cm</b> curium [247]	97 <b>Bk</b> berkelium [247]	98 <b>Cf</b> californium [251]	99 <b>Es</b> einsteinium [252]	100 <b>Fm</b> fermium [257]	101 <b>Md</b> mendelevium [258]	102 <b>No</b> nobelium [259]	103 <b>Lr</b> lawrencium [262]

# Synthesis of Superheavy Nuclei (1999-2019)



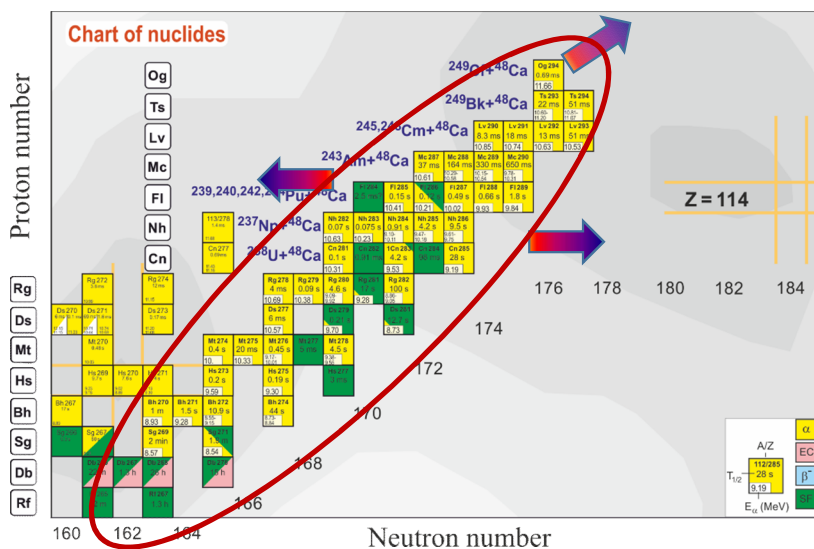
# SHE research: Main tasks

Experiments at the extremely low ( $\sigma < 100$  fb) cross sections:

- Synthesis of new SHE with  $Z = 119$  and  $120$  in reactions with  $^{50}\text{Ti}$ ,  $^{54}\text{Cr}$  ...;
- Synthesis of new isotopes of SHE;
- Study of decay properties of SHE;
- Exploring limits the Island of Stability;
- Study of excitation functions.

Experiments requiring high statistics:

- Nuclear spectroscopy of SHE;
- Precise mass measurements;
- Study of chemical properties of SHE.



## Beam of $^{48}\text{Ca}$ @ DC-280:

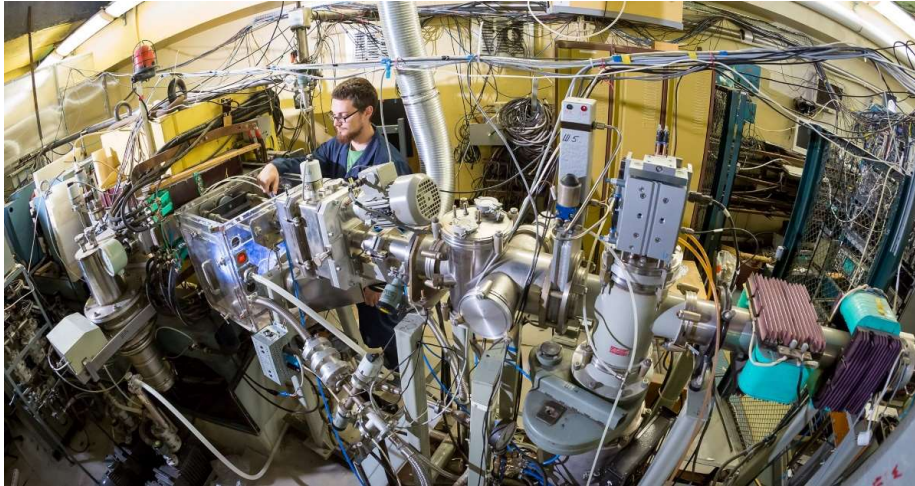
- Intensity:  $> 8 \text{ p}\mu\text{A}$
- Energy:  $5 - 8 \text{ A}\cdot\text{MeV}$
- Efficiency:  $\sim 50\%$



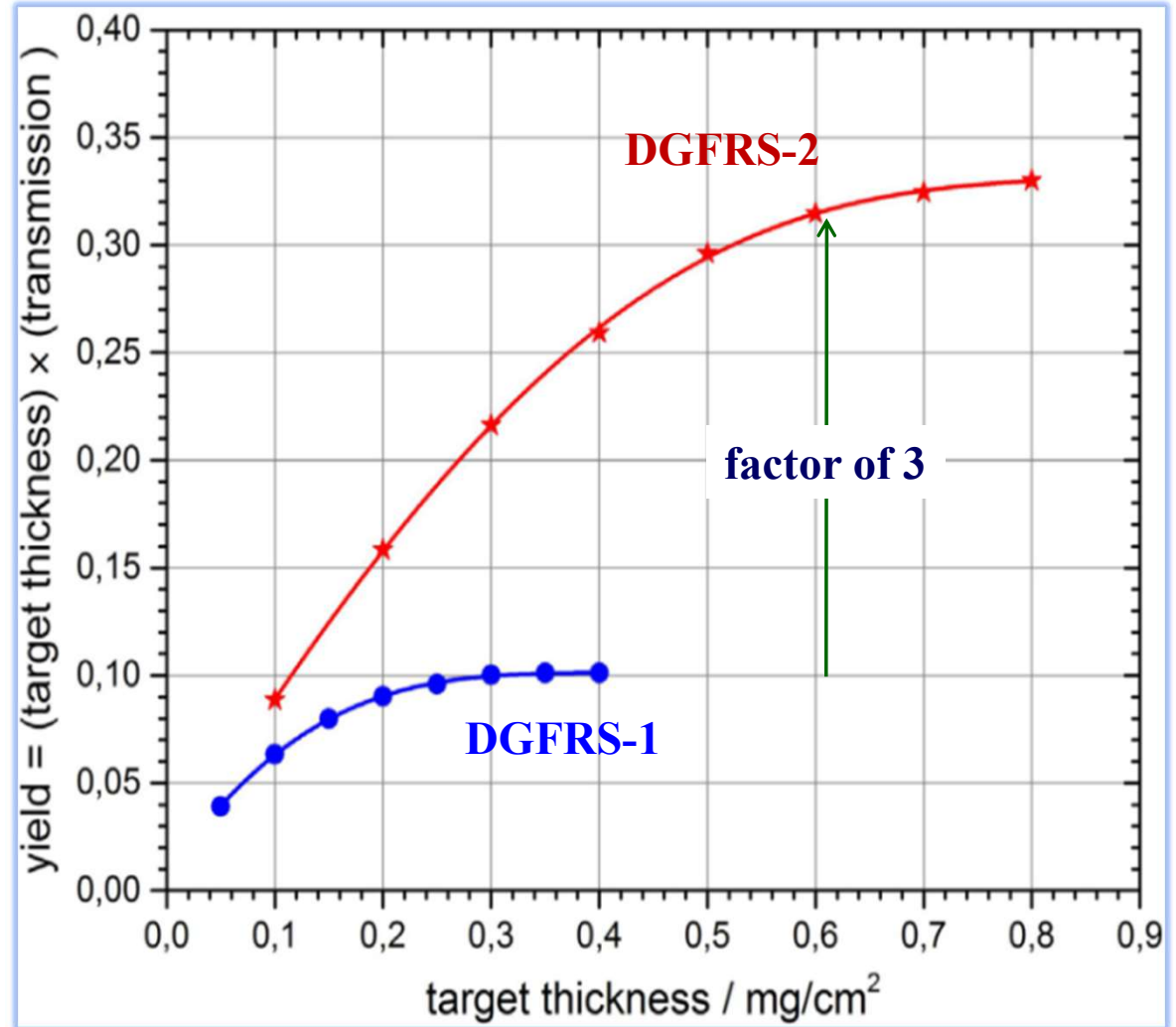


# Dubna Gas-Filled Recoil Separators

DGFRS-1 @ U400

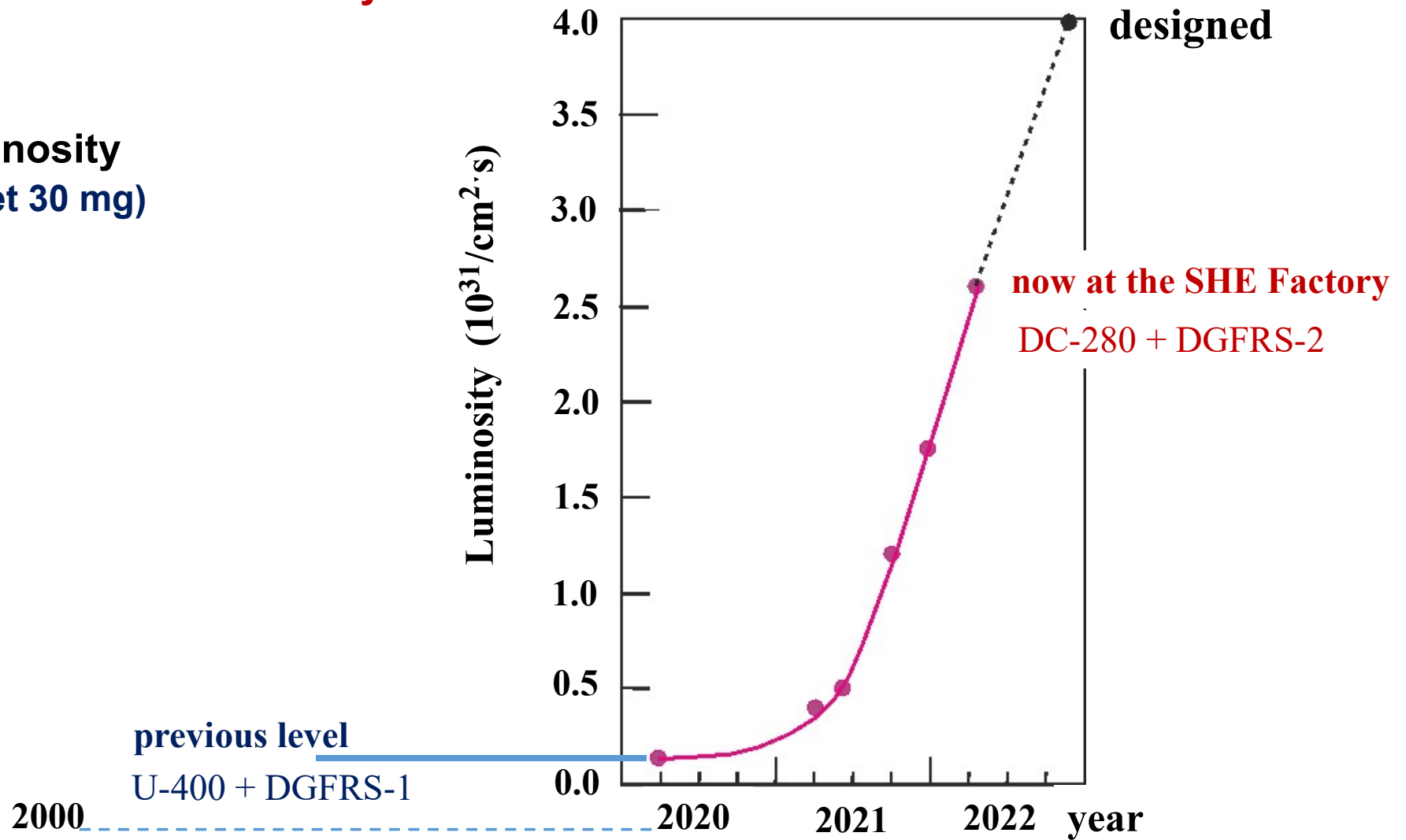


DGFRS-2 @ DC280



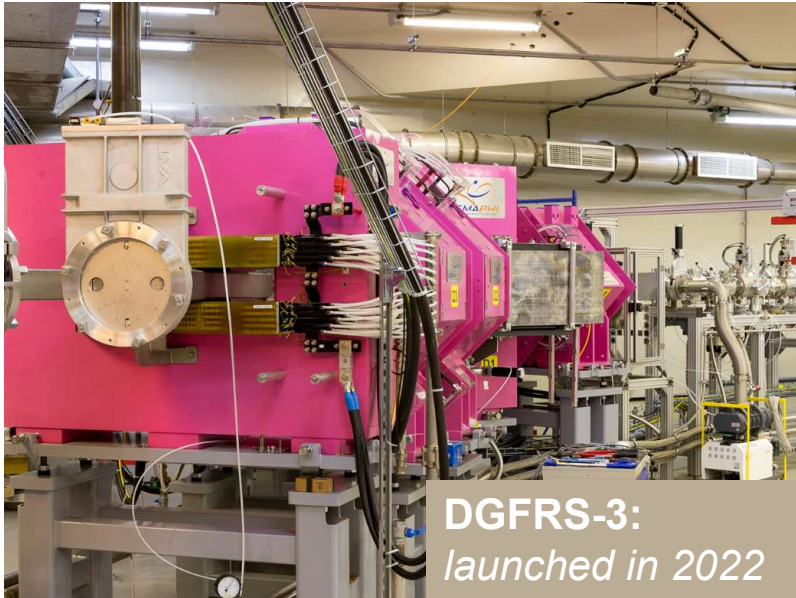
## Progress at SHE-Factory

Luminosity  
(target 30 mg)



by Yu. Oganessian

# SHE research program with existing separators @ SHE Factory



- Spectroscopy of SHE;
- Chemical studies for SH nuclei with half-lives **longer than 1 sec** (114 and lighter);
- Precise mass measurements (new developments are due);



- Synthesis of new SHE;
- Synthesis of new neutron-deficient isotopes of SHE: “shaping” of island of stability;
- Search for rear decay channels in  $^{48}\text{Ca}$ -induced reactions (EC, pxn, 1-2n): towards island of stability;
- Decay modes, excitation functions, etc.

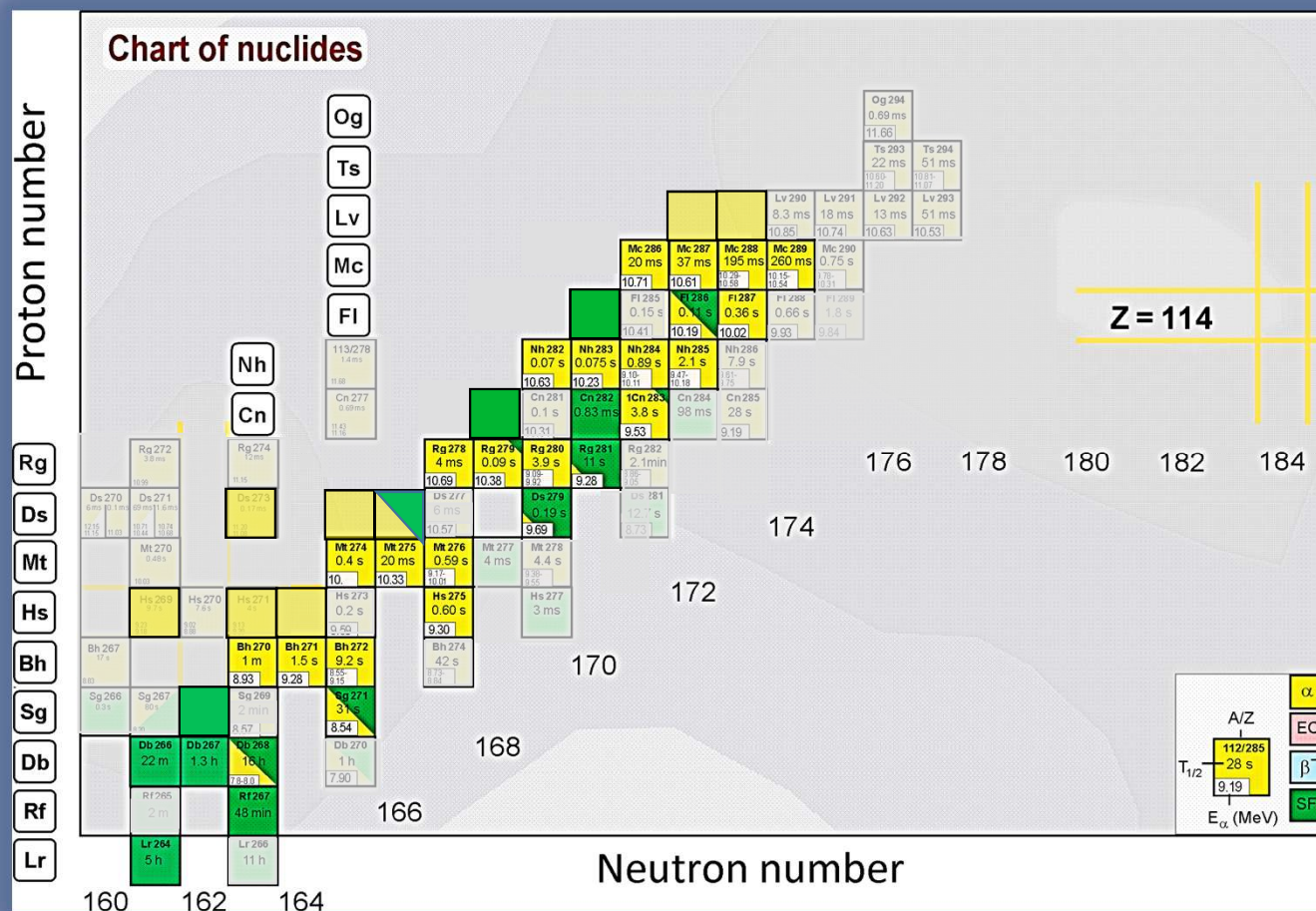


# Summary of experiments @ Superheavy Element Factory in 2020-2025

## Experiments:

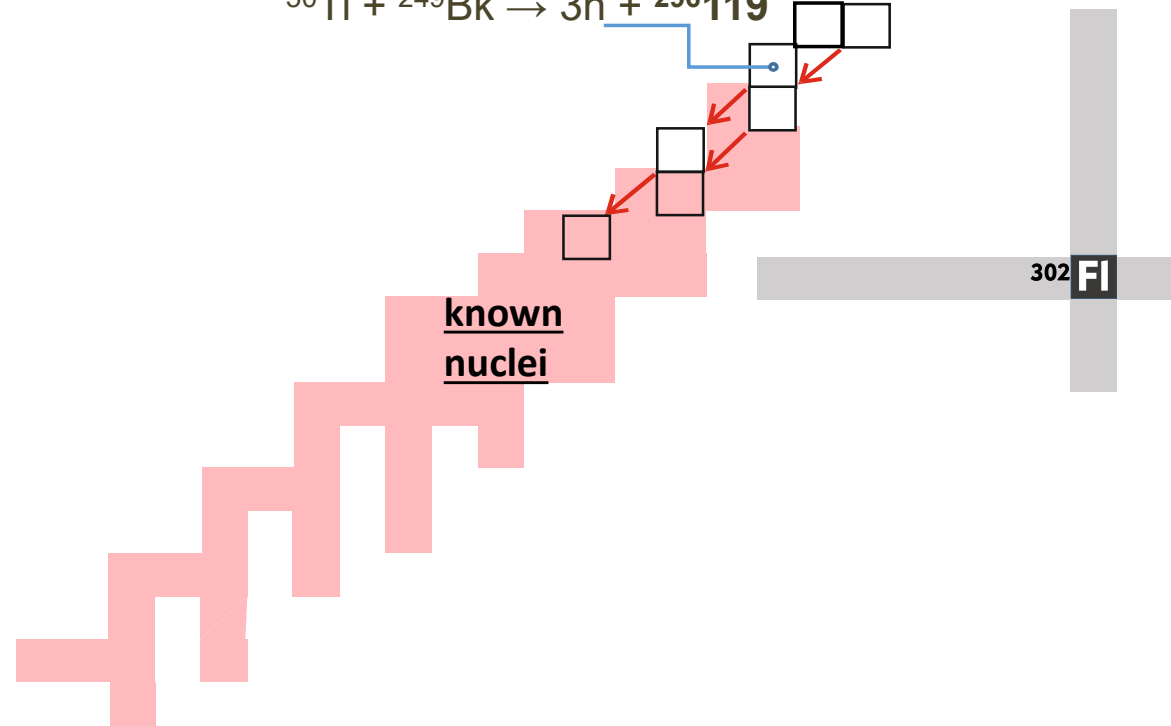
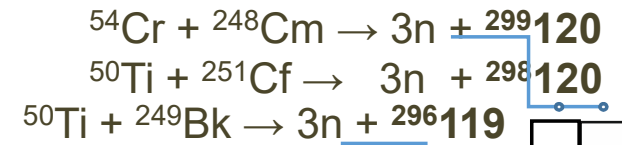
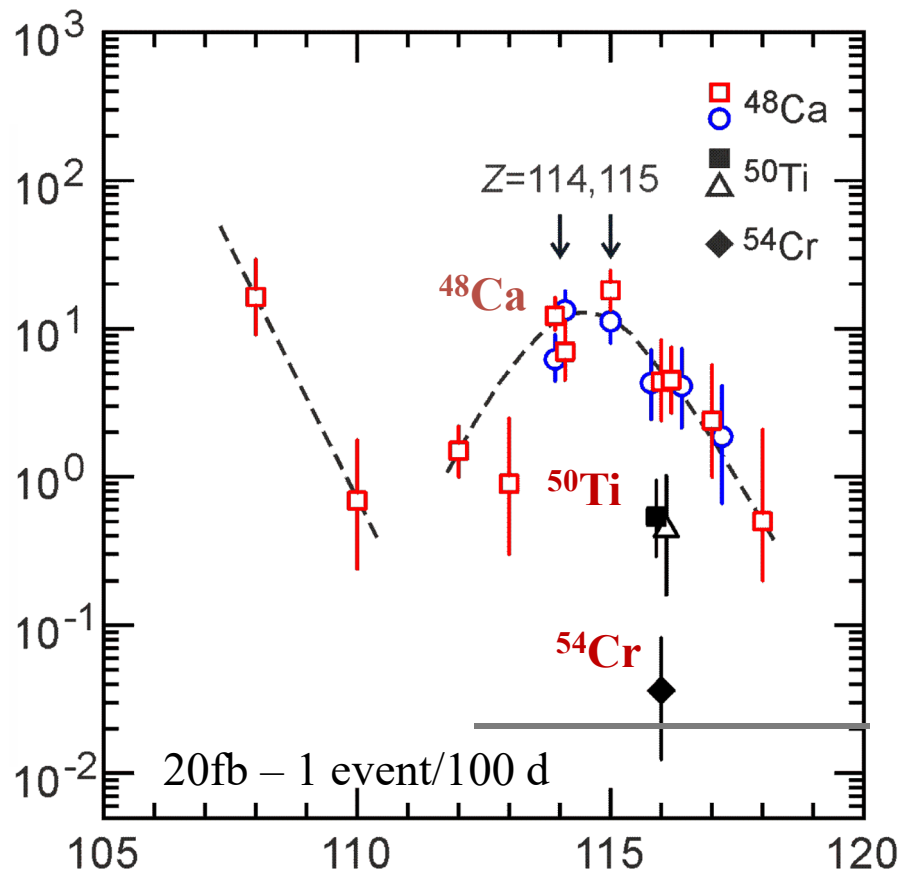


- ~250 new events of synthesis of superheavy nuclides;
- Decay properties 45 isotopes;
- New isotopes:  $^{288,289}\text{Lv}$ ,  $^{286}\text{Mc}$ ,  $^{280}\text{Cn}$ ,  $^{275,276}\text{Ds}$ ,  $^{272}\text{Hs}$ ,  $^{268}\text{Sg}$ ,  $^{264}\text{Lr}$ ;
- New decay modes;
- Indication of the 1<sup>st</sup> excited state in  $^{282}\text{Cn}$ ;
- Test of target stability up to 6.5 pμA of  $^{48}\text{Ca}$ ;



# Perspectives

## Towards 119 and 120



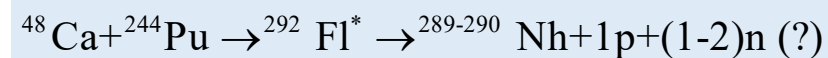
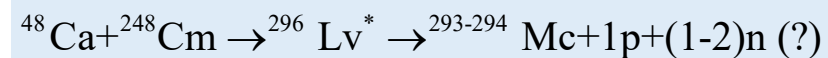
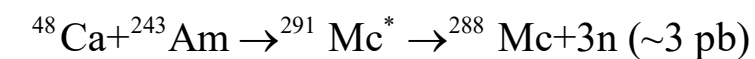
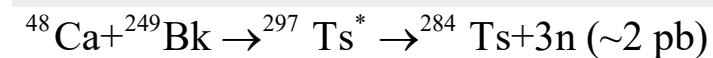
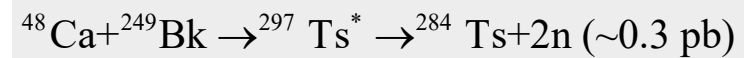
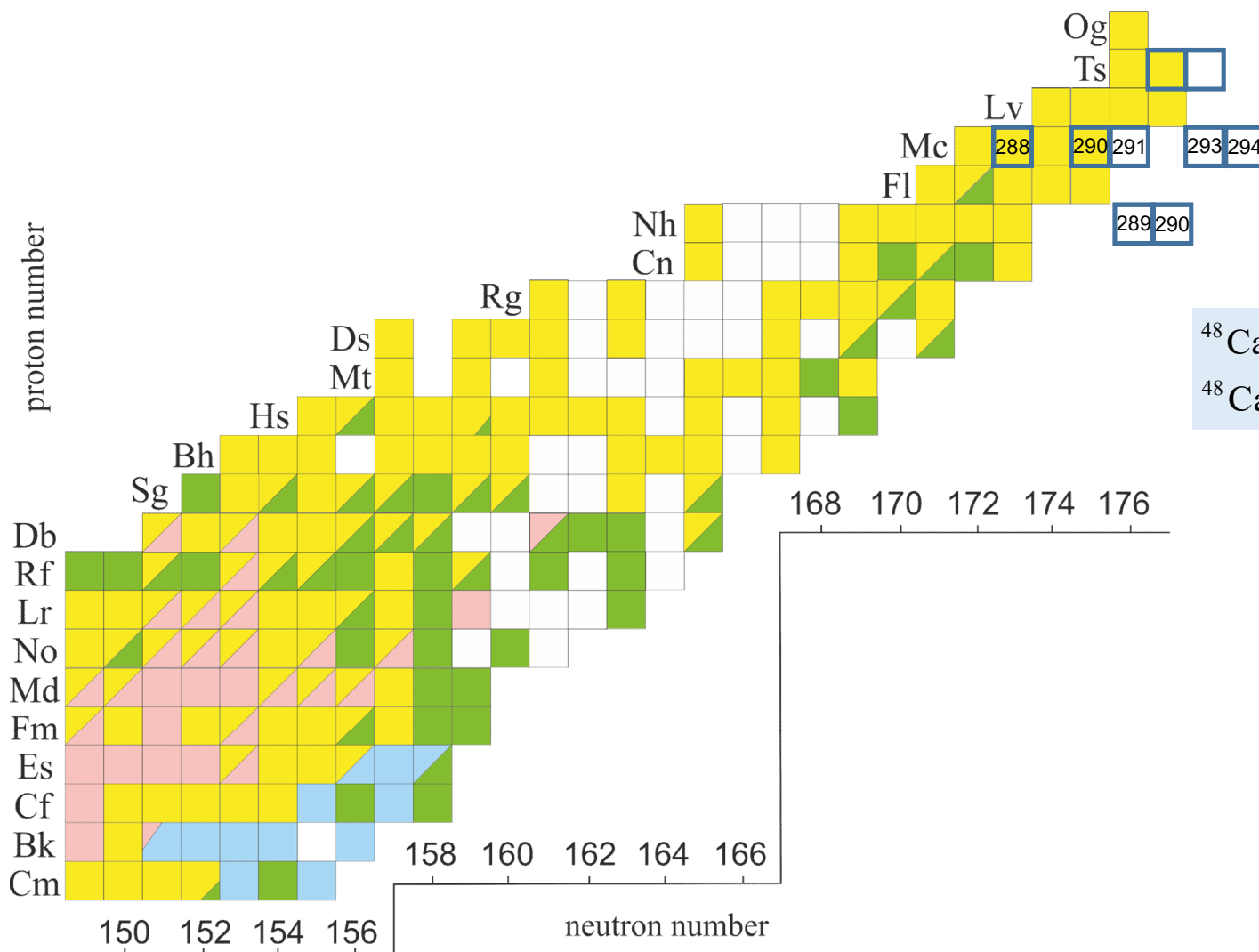
cross section decreases by  $\sim 10$  times ( $^{50}\text{Ti}$ ) and  $\sim 150$  times ( $^{54}\text{Cr}$ ) compared to the  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  case

$\triangle$  J.M. Gates et al., PRL 133 (2024) 172502

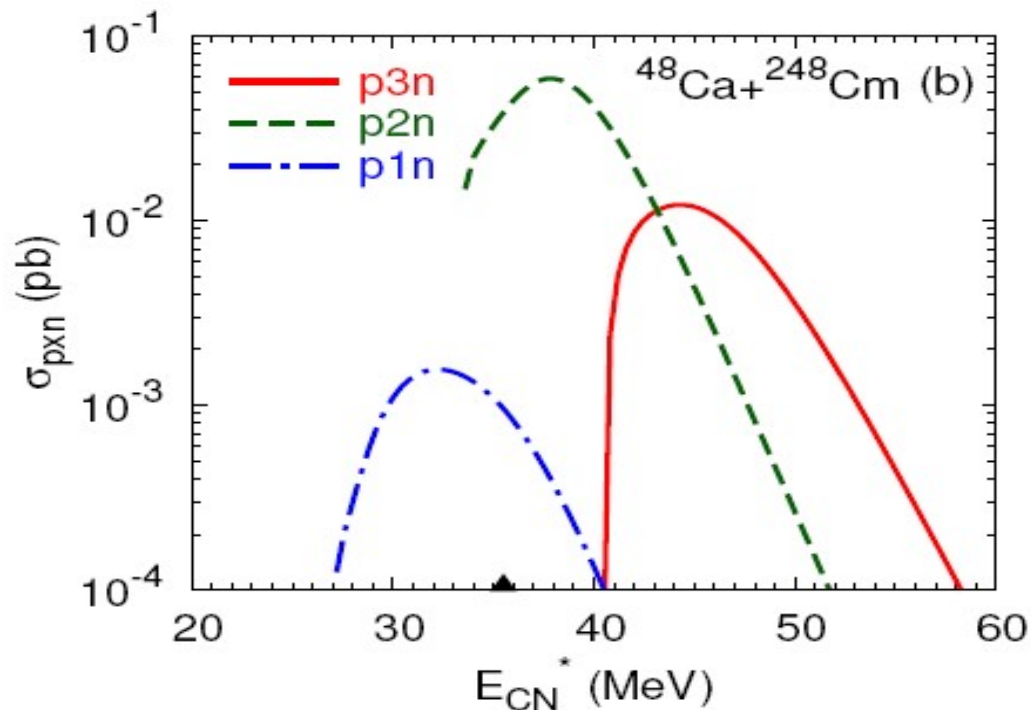
$\blacktriangle$   $\blacksquare$  Yu. Ts. Oganessian, V. K. Utyonkov, et. al, PRC **112** (2025) 014603



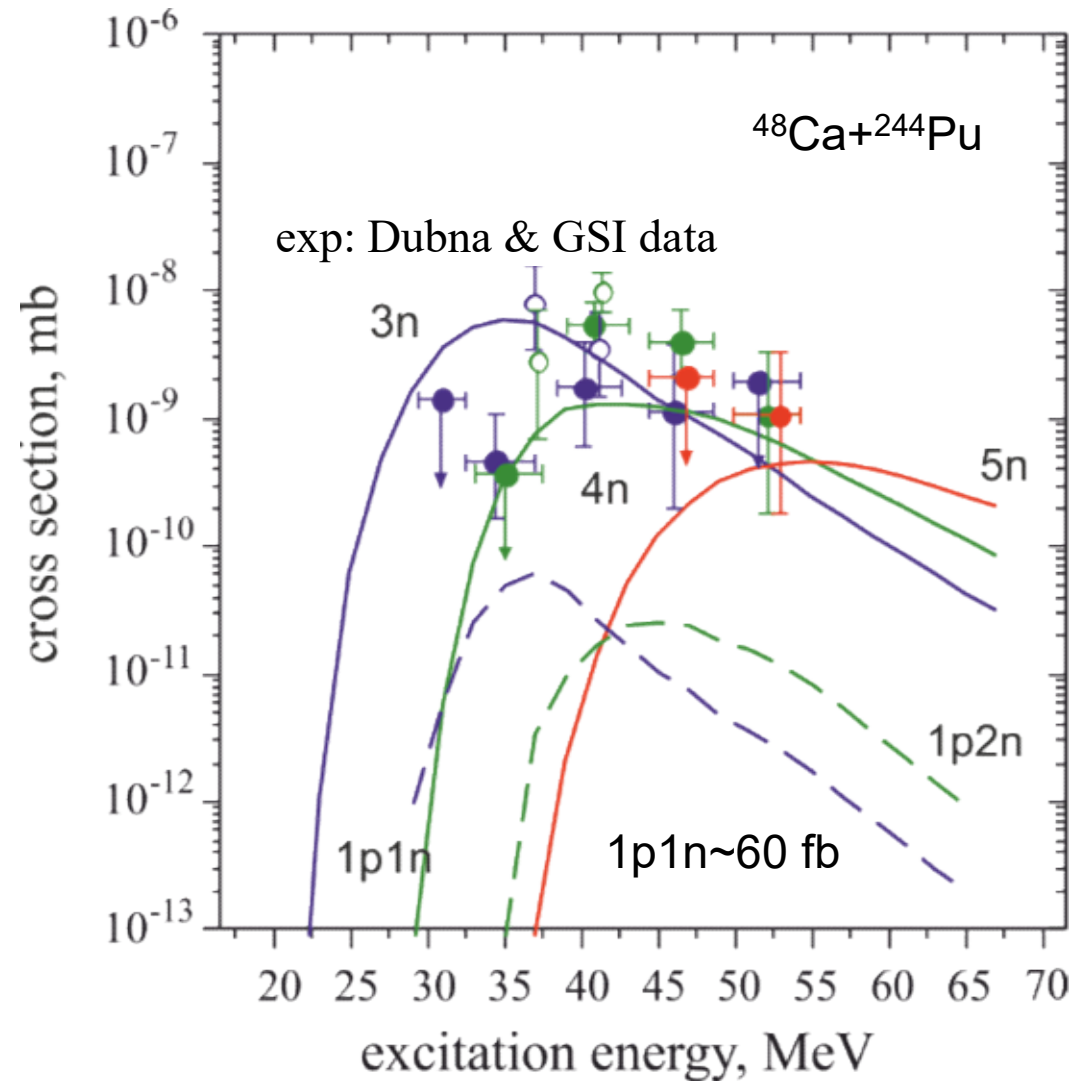
# Synthesis of SH nuclei in fusion reactions *pxn* evaporation channels



## Synthesis of SH nuclei in fusion reactions accompanied by emission of protons and $\alpha$ -particles

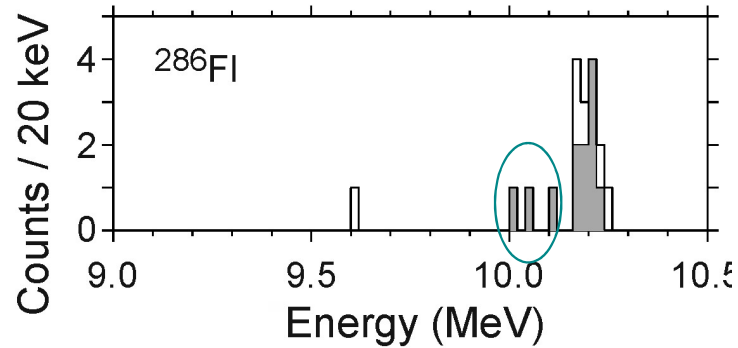


J. Hong, G. Adamian, N. Antonenko, EPJ A (2016)

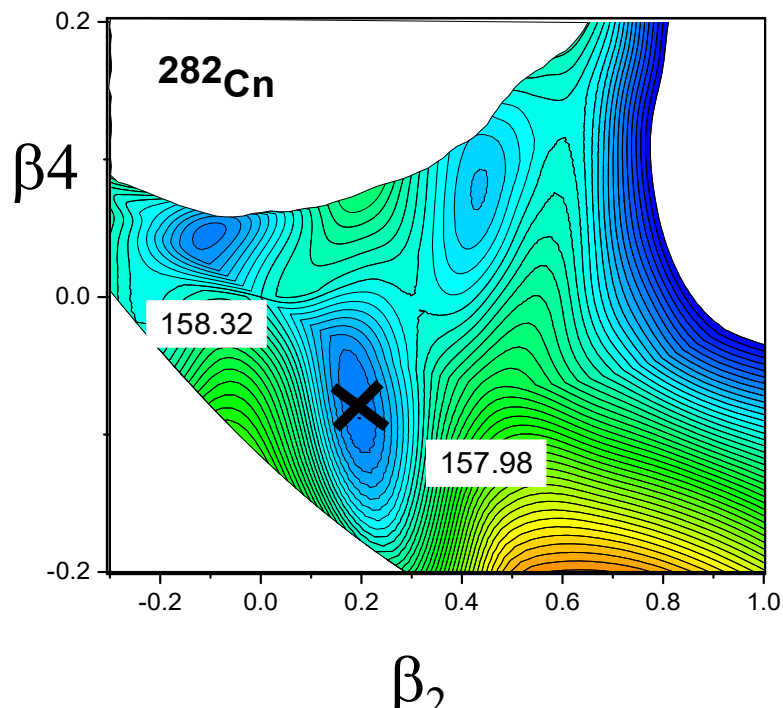


N. Kurkova, A. Karpov, Phys. At. Nucl. (2023)

## Presumable $\alpha$ -decay of $^{286}\text{Fl}$ on rotational $2^+$ -state of $^{282}\text{Cn}$



- $^{286}\text{Fl}$ : decay on  $2^+$  rotational state of  $^{282}\text{Cn}$  or through isomeric states



Nucleus	$\beta_2$	$E(2^+_1)$ (keV)
$^{258}\text{Fm}$	0.274	51
$^{262}\text{No}$	0.256	51
$^{266}\text{Rf}$	0.235	70
$^{270}\text{Sb}$	0.242	60
$^{274}\text{Hs}$	0.237	74
$^{278}\text{Ds}$	0.197	66
$^{282}\text{Cn}$	0.160	102
$^{286}\text{Fl}$	-0.154	144
$^{290}\text{Lv}$	0.078	431
$^{294}\text{Og}$	-0.105	242
$^{298}120$	-0.092	335

deduced for  $0^+$ : 82% and  $2^+$ : 18%

$\beta_2 = 0.13$

$E_{2^+} = 101$  keV

“experiment”:

$E_{2^+} = 100 - 200$  keV

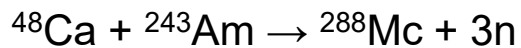
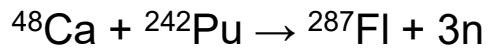
$0^+$ : 82% and  $2^+$ : 18%



## Spectroscopy of SH isotopes @ SHE Factory



### planned experiments:



Cross section  $\sim 10$  pb;

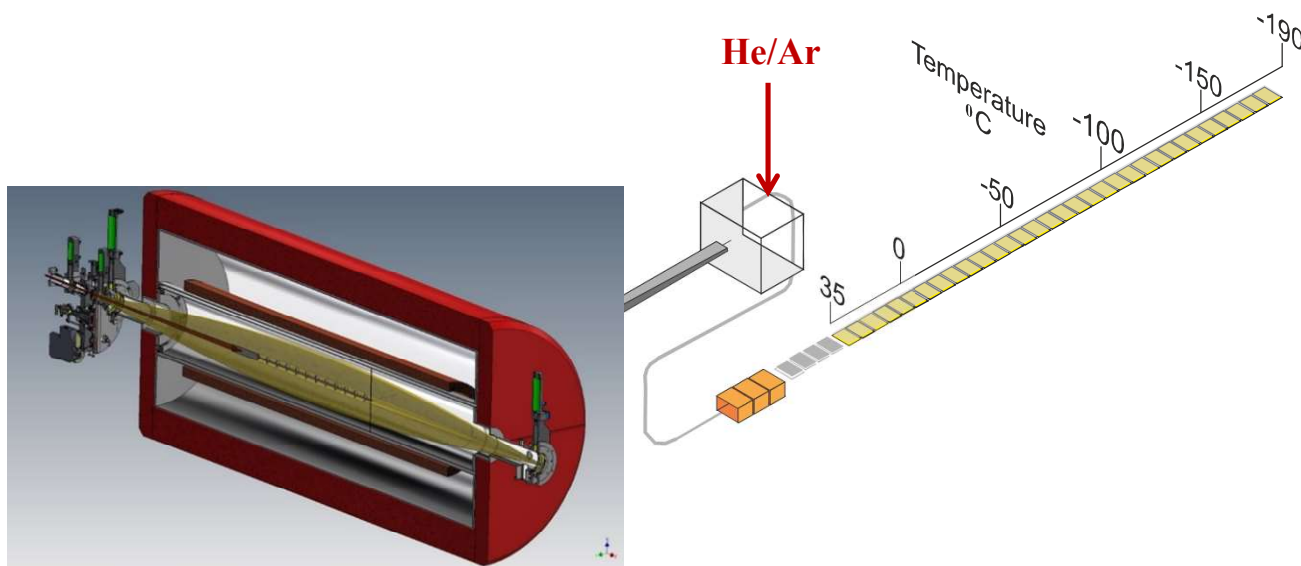
Target thickness  $\sim 1.5 \times 10^{18}$  at/cm<sup>2</sup>;

Beam intensity of  $^{48}\text{Ca} \sim 3.3 \times 10^{13}$  pps (5 pμA);

$\epsilon_{\text{transmission}} \sim 50$  %;

100 days  $\rightarrow$  250 gamma quanta can be detected.

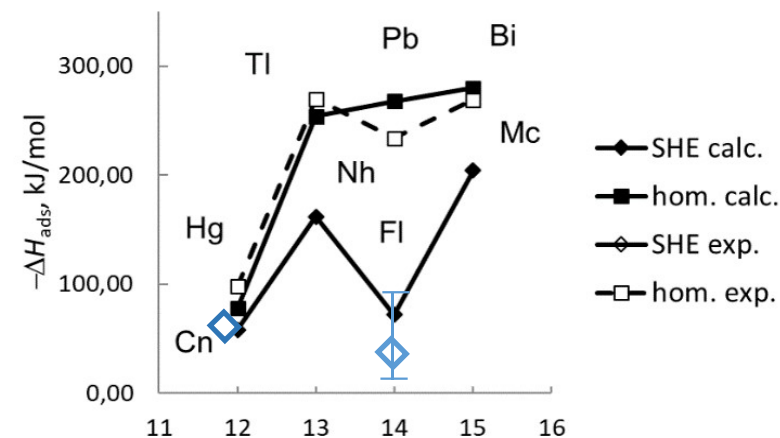
## CHEMISTRY OF SHE



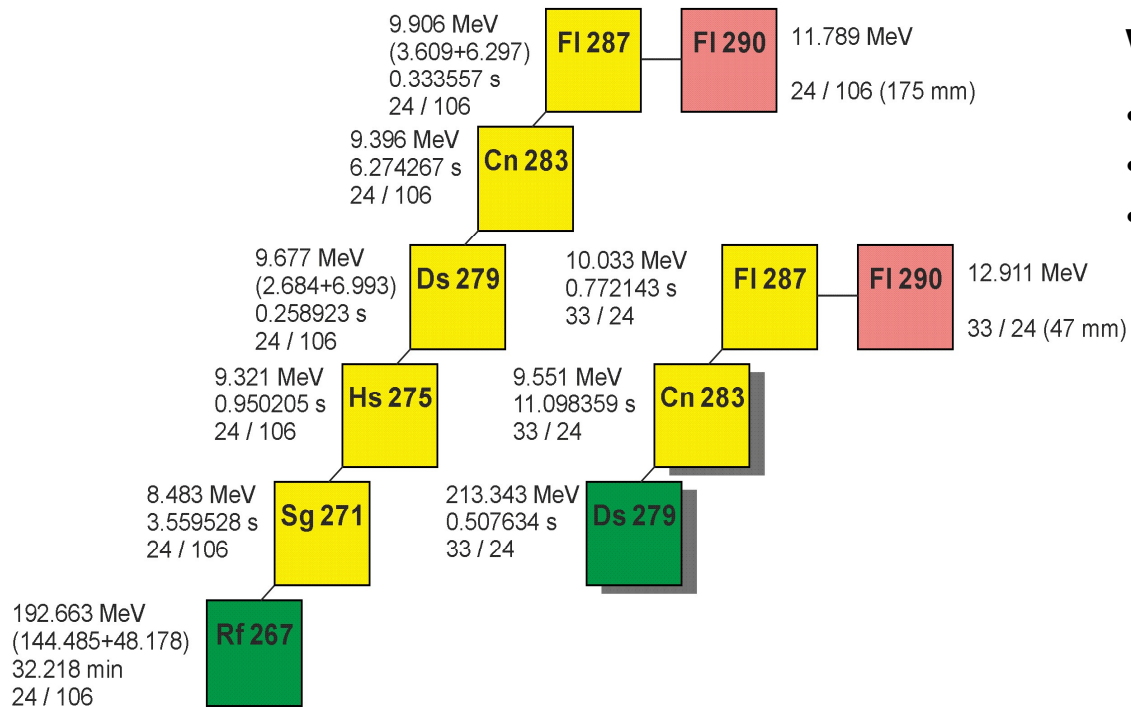
Z	Isotope	Half-life
112	$^{283}\text{Cn}$	3.6 s
113	$^{284}\text{Nh}$	0.9 s
114	$^{287}\text{Fl}$	0.3 s
115	$^{288}\text{Mc}$	0,16 s
116	$^{293}\text{Lv}$	57 ms
117	$^{294}\text{Ts}$	51 ms
118	$^{294}\text{Og}$	0.6 ms

## GASSOL – Solenoid-based separator

- Stopping SH atoms in a small volume of 1-2  $\text{cm}^3$
- Chemistry of short-lived SHE  $T_{1/2} \geq 30 \text{ ms}$  (up to elements 116-117)

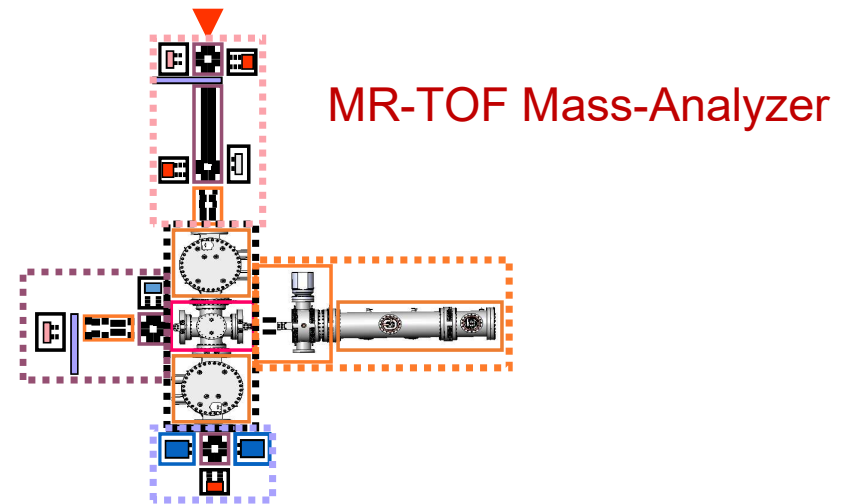


# Precise mass measurements of SH nuclei @ SHE Factory



## Measuring masses of SH isotopes with accuracy $10^{-7}$ (30 keV)

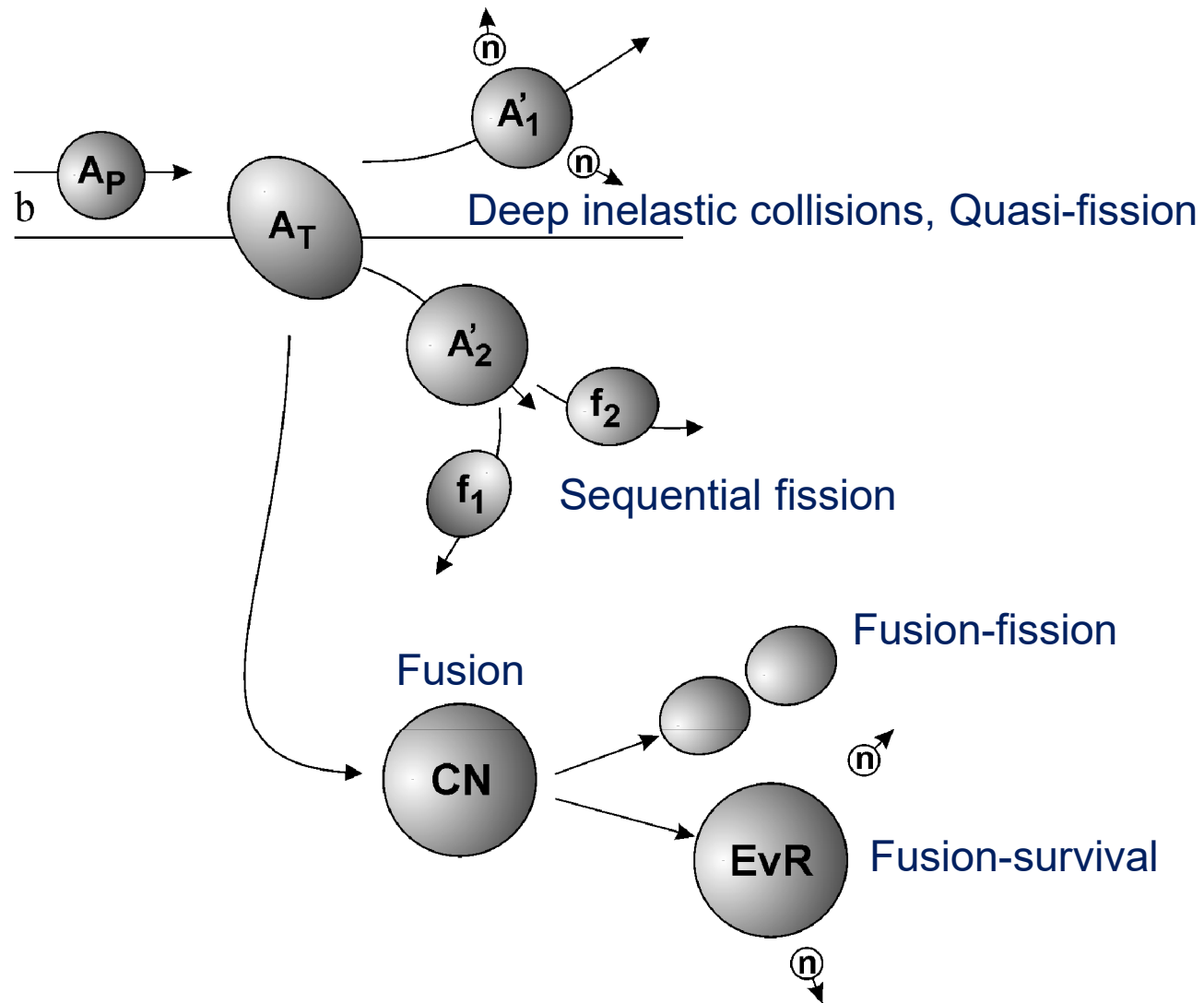
- $T_{1/2} > 100$  ms
- Production rate  $\sim 1$  event/day
- Background rate  $\geq 1$  event/s



## ***Nuclear reactions***



## Mechanisms of reactions induced by heavy ions at near barrier energies



## Methods of synthesis of new nuclei

### Fusion:

- + any element (question of probability)
- lack of neutrons

### Fragmentation:

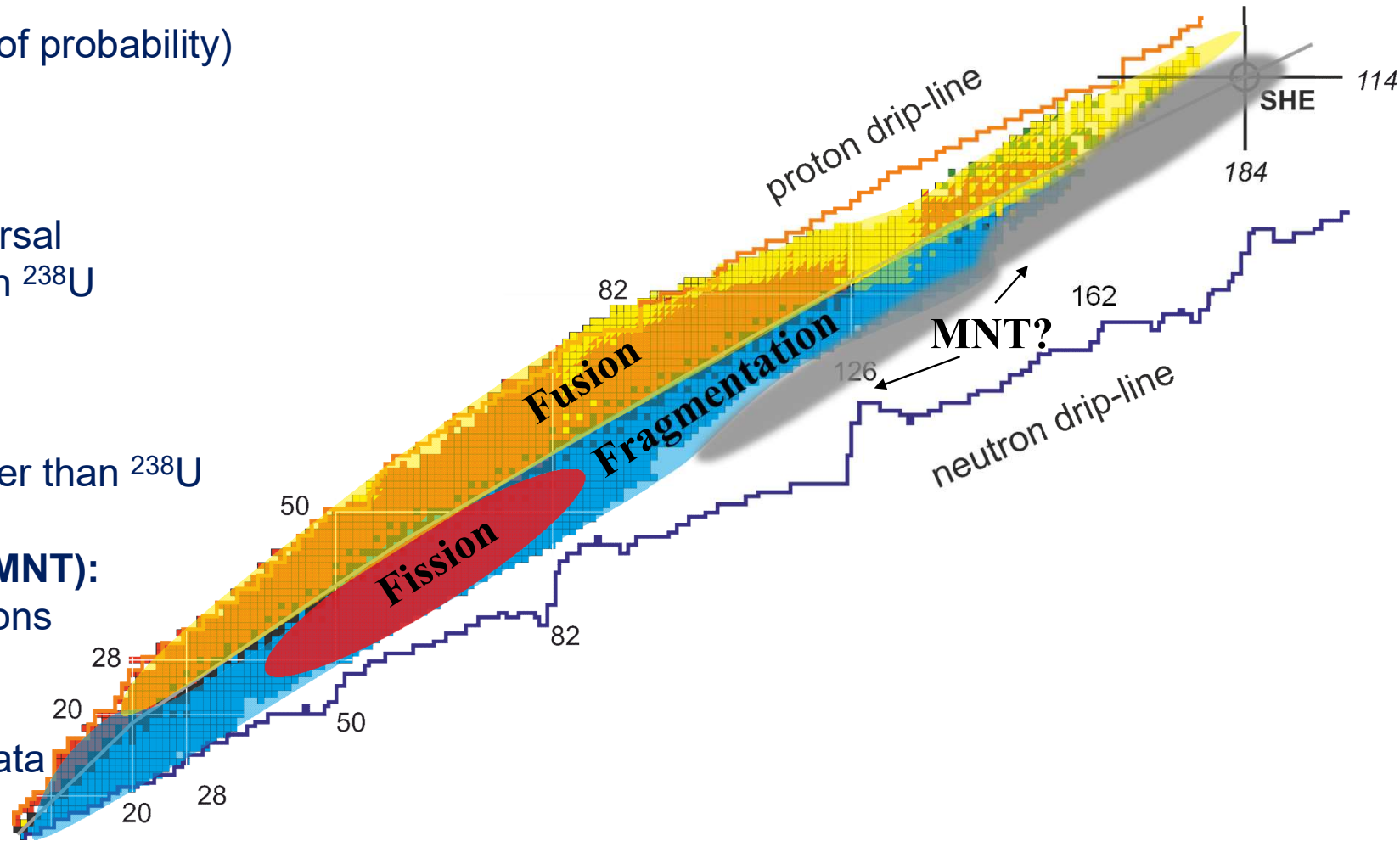
- + very efficient and universal
- products are lighter than  $^{238}\text{U}$

### Fission:

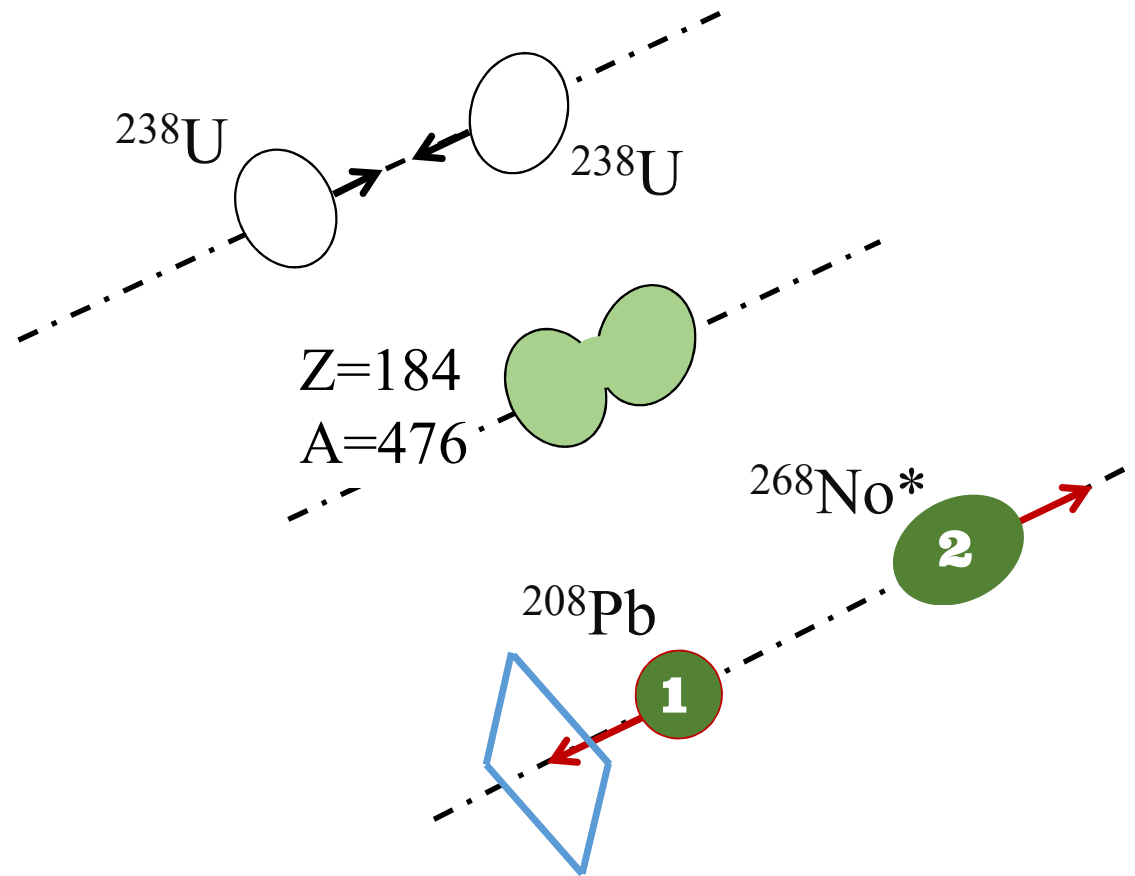
- + neutron-rich products
- products are much lighter than  $^{238}\text{U}$

### Multinucleon transfer (MNT):

- + a way to unknown regions
- very, very complicated technically
- lack of experimental data

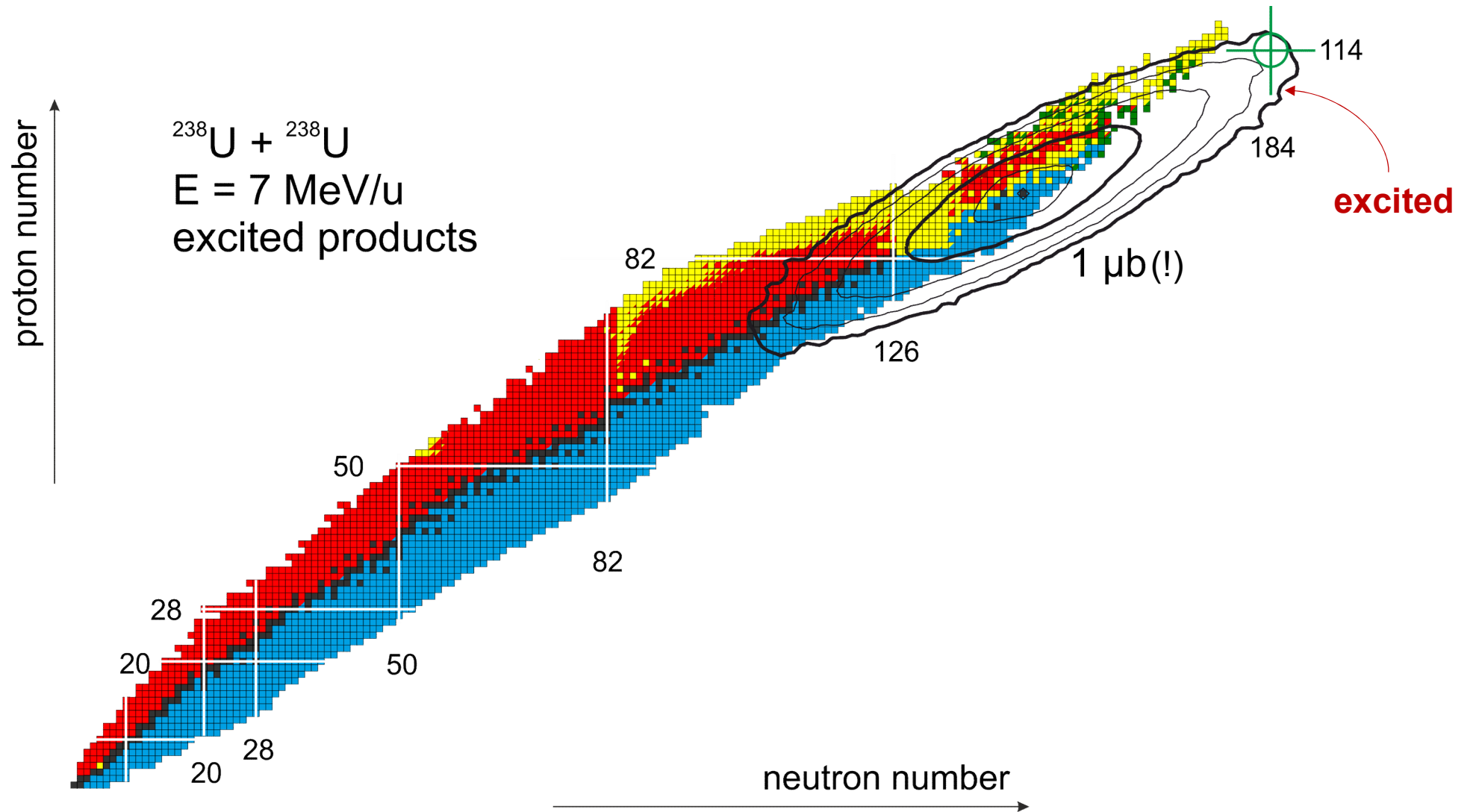


## Studying the $^{238}\text{U} + ^{238}\text{U}$ reaction

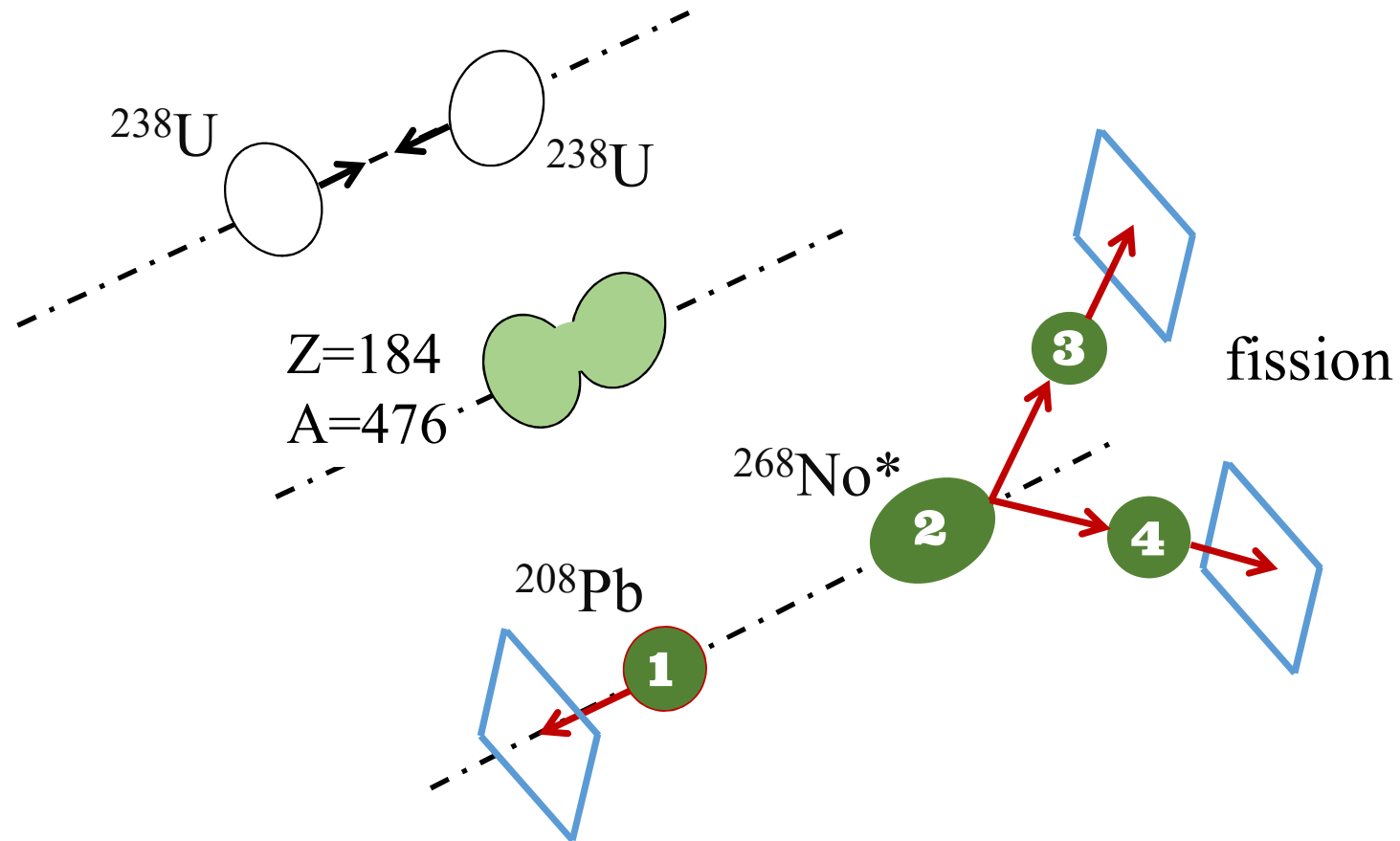




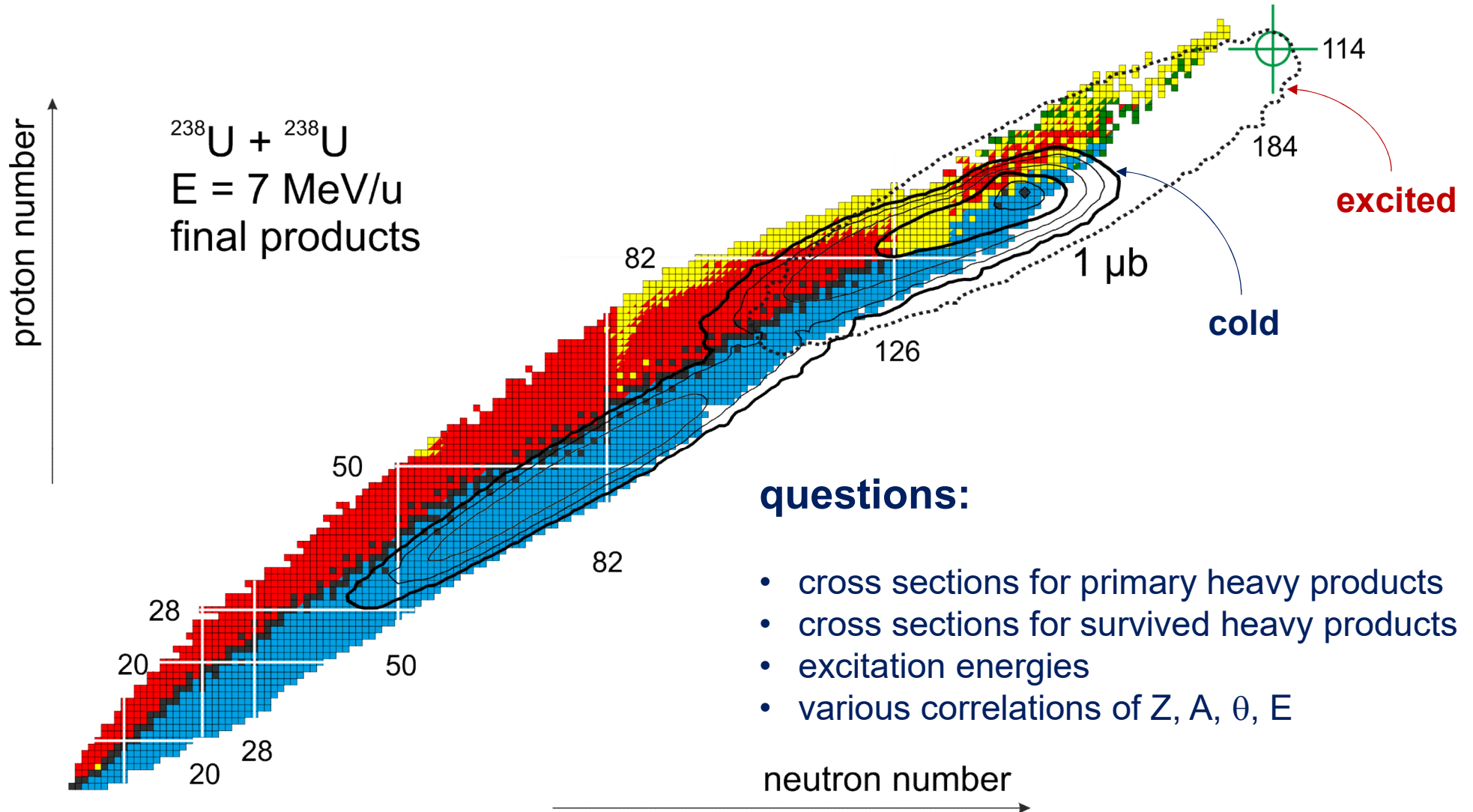
## Multinucleon transfer processes in U + U reaction



## Studying the $^{238}\text{U} + ^{238}\text{U}$ reaction

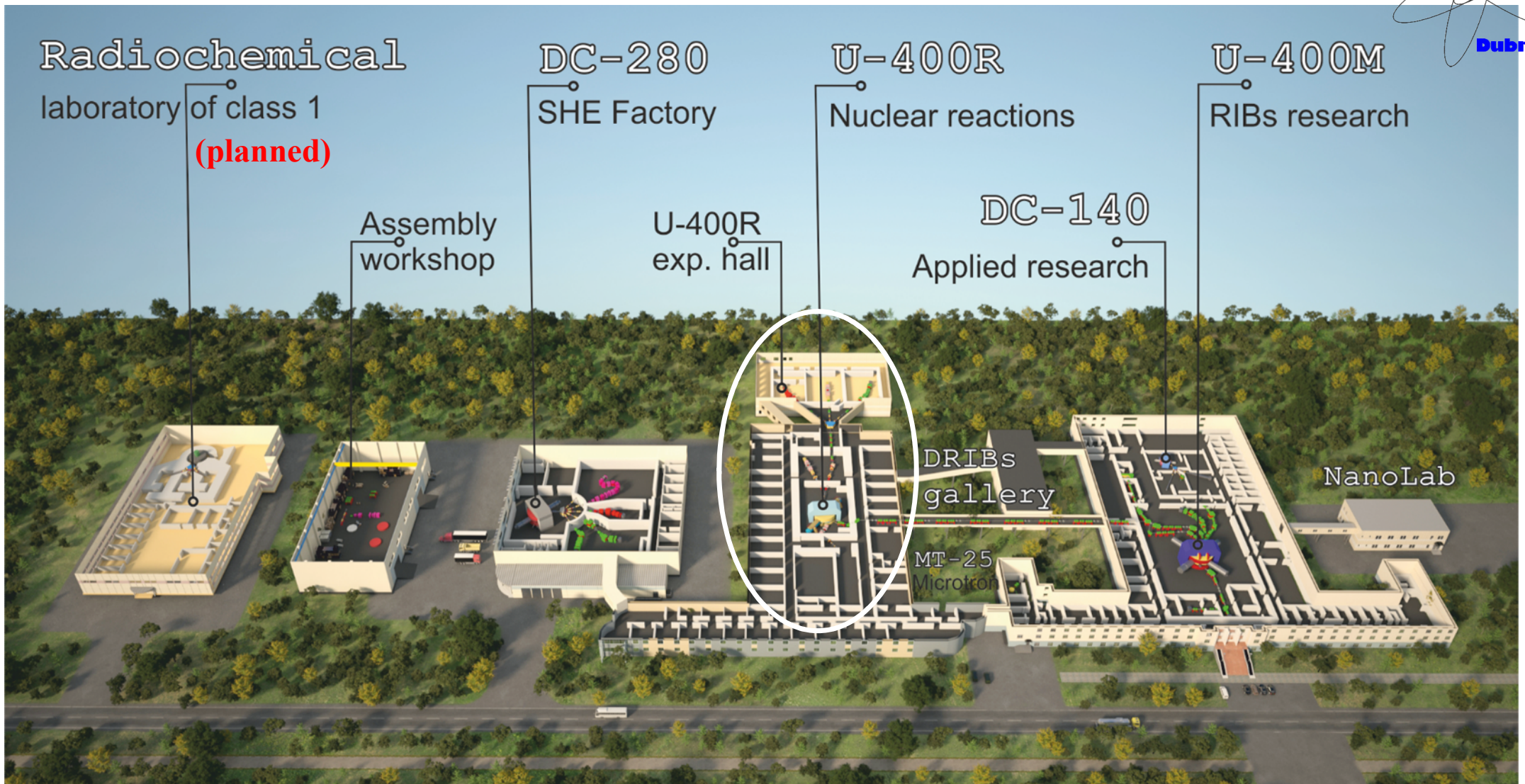
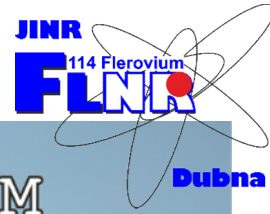


## Multinucleon transfer processes in U + U reaction





# FLNR ACCELERATOR COMPLEX



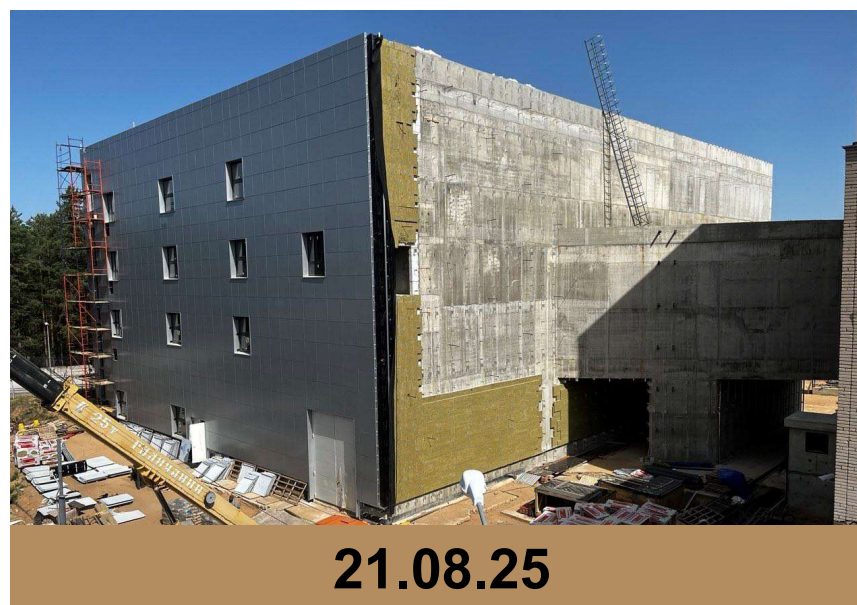


## New experimental hall and upgrade of U-400R

U400R (expected)		
Ion	Ion energy [MeV/u]	Output intensity
$^4\text{He}^{1+}$	$6.4 \div 25$	23 pμA **
$^6\text{He}^{1+}$	$2.8 \div 14.4$	$(1-5)10^9$ pps
$^8\text{He}^{1-2+}$	$1.6 \div 25$	$10^{5-6}$ pps
$^{16}\text{O}^{2-4+}$	$1.6 \div 25$	5.8 pμA
$^{18}\text{O}^{3+}$	$1.2 \div 18$	4.4 pμA
$^{40}\text{Ar}^{4-6+}$	$1.1 \div 18$	5 pμA
$^{48}\text{Ca}^{5-10+}$	$1.6 \div 18$	2.0 pμA
$^{50}\text{Ti}^{5-10+}$	$1.0 \div 21$	1 pμA
$^{58}\text{Fe}^{7-12+}$	$1.0 \div 17$	1 pμA
$^{84}\text{Kr}^{7+}$	$0.8 \div 3.5$	1.4 pμA
$^{132}\text{Xe}^{11-22}$	$0.8 \div 15$	1-0.3 pμA
$^{238}\text{U}^{27-44+}$	$1.5 \div 15$	1- 0.1 pμA

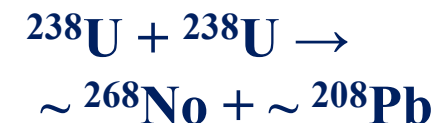


Completion of the pile field 08.12.23



21.08.25

Nucl.	E(MeV)	$B\rho$ (vac. T·m)	$B\rho$ (He. T·m)	$B\rho$ (H <sub>2</sub> . T·m)	V (cm/ns)	$E/q_{vac}$ (MV)
<sup>238</sup> U	1666	1.33	1.63	1.63	3.67	24.4
<sup>268</sup> No	1596	1.32	1.67	1.67	3.39	22.3



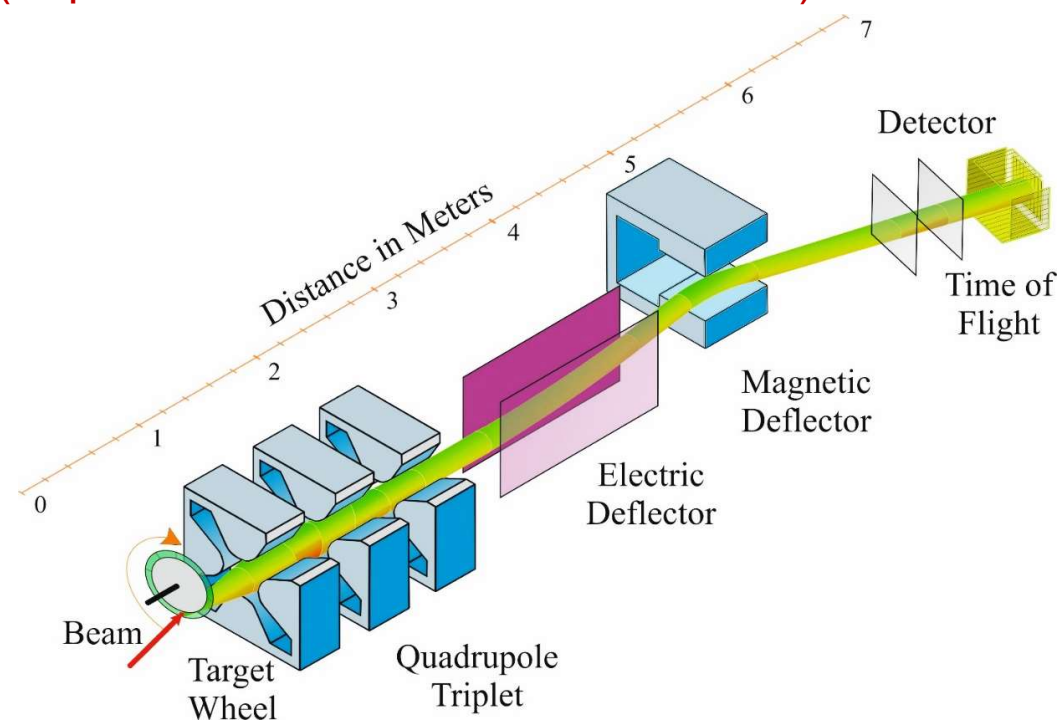
What do we need

$B\rho$ (T×m)	$E/q$ (MV)	
1.5	25	rotatable

What do we have?

Separator	Institute	$B\rho(\text{max})$ T×m	$E/q$ (max) MV
SHIP	GSI	1.2	20 (?)
SHELS	JINR	1.0	10
FMA	ANL	1.0	18
MARA	JYFL	1.0	14
S3	GANIL	1.8	12

**STAR**  
(Separator for TransActinide Research)

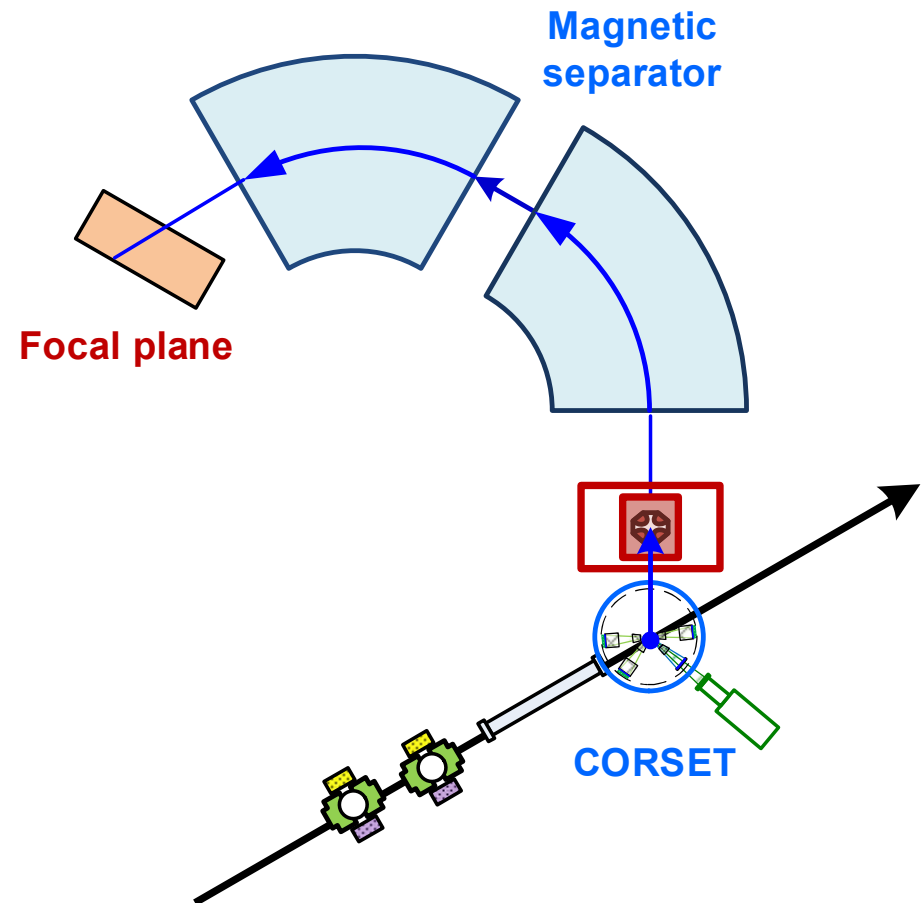


# System for Correlated Investigation of Fragments (SCIF)

Study of mechanisms of fusion-fission and incomplete fusion reactions

## SCIF consists of:

- **CORSET** spectrometer - measuring mass-energy and angular distributions of reaction fragments;
- **Bragg chambers** - measuring of charge distributions of reaction fragments;
- **Magnetic spectrometer** providing precise (A,Z) identification of fragments with masses up to 200 a.m.u.;
- etc.





# Thank you for your attention!

